

# The Daily New Mexican

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

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MONDAY, JULY 11.

New Mexico volunteers are volunteering in great shape.

It does seem as if Spain is determined to commit harikari.

General Miles is about to arrive in Santiago de Cuba. And now let the battle begin.

Captain General Blanco still indulges in lying proclamations. But the end of his rope is being reached.

Another good thing about Admiral Dewey. He does not puff himself much. To be sure he does not need to.

The more the story of the capture of the Ladrone Islands is read, the more it reminds one of the Pirates of Penzance.

Madrid is having a great case of neuralgia these days. After another bombardment or naval fight or two, it will probably send for a doctor.

The colored people of this country are paying taxes on \$24,000,000 worth of property. That is a right good showing for people, who 40 years ago were chattels.

The people of this country have no grudge against Admiral Cervera. His fleet had to be captured and it was done. The admiral himself will be nicely treated.

The recent session of congress enacted more important legislation than has been the case since the war of the rebellion. A general bankruptcy law was also passed. It is believed the measure will prove beneficial. It was certainly greatly needed.

Reports from all over the territory indicate that the war excitement is not interfering with the luxuriant growth of crops, and the sheep and cattle are not losing any fatness rushing around reading war bulletins. New Mexico is doing first rate under existing conditions.

Unless Spain particularly desires to lose the rest of her navy, she would better let Admiral Camara remain in the Suez canal, quietly cruising from one point to another in order to avoid the neutrality laws. However, the peculiar code of honor adhered to by the Spaniards will require the sacrifice of the remaining vessels before peace is declared.

The Spanish squadron under Cervera was destroyed by the Oregon, the Brooklyn, the Texas and the Gloucester. Commodore Schley was in actual command of these ships. The people of this country will give him due credit; the action of the Navy department matters not much.

The fact that but a small proportion of native born New Mexicans have enlisted in the New Mexico volunteers so far is being used by the anti-statehooders against statehood for this territory. There is little to be said about this, as the charge can not be denied and as there is neither sense nor benefit in stirring the matter too much.

During the recent debate in the senate on the Hawaiian resolutions, Senator Turpie, of Indiana, who spoke for several days against their adoption, among other brilliant things said: "Julius Caesar, a military character, of whom senators have doubtless heard." And strange to say, not a grave and revered senator put in a denial.

The New Mexican is under obligations to Delegate Ferguson for valuable public documents. The delegate does not forget to pay some attention to newspapers and is right nice in answering letters and inquiries, showing that he is a politician, who thinks the newspapers can do him some good or some harm, wherein he is eminently correct.

It is probably too early yet, but within a few weeks the question of how much indemnity Spain will have to pay will be the one of the hour. The main factors in it will be: The length of the war and the actual amount of our military and naval expenditures; the amount of damage directly inflicted upon our trade and commerce; the extent of the losses of life on our side, and, finally, the value of any territory which we may insist upon taking away from Spain, which, according to precedents, will have to be treated as an offset to our bill of costs.

The Kansas Populists have a platform put together of all sorts of planks. The more it is examined, the funnier it is. The platform contains two railroad planks, among others wonderfully and fearfully to look at. The first one demands that the people own and run

their own railroads. The second demands the creation of a private railroad court, which is to prevent the people from overcharging themselves.

## New Men to the Front.

It has been said time and again that Americans are not hero worshippers, but the truth is the average American has a deep admiration for a brave man, and if that bravery has been shown on the battlefield something more than admiration results, generally in the form of substantial recognition in political preferment. Such has been the history of the country, and already indications are cropping out that the present war will result in pushing new men to the front in the political circles of the land.

Colonel Roosevelt is admired by his regiment of "terrors," but he does not stand high in the graces of the practical politicians of New York. As police commissioner of New York City his independence and utter disregard for political influence brought down on his head the anathema of the ward heelers in both the Republican and Democratic parties, and there was rejoicing when he left that position to become assistant secretary of the navy. Since the battle of La Quasina and San Juan heights the colonel has loomed up on the political horizon of New York state in a manner which is worrying the old-time wheel horses. As a candidate for governor, Colonel Roosevelt seems to be carrying the sympathies and force of the opposition to ring rule in the Empire state, and will make a picturesque fight should he turn his attention in that direction.

In other parts of the country the papers are bringing out the heroes of the present war as candidates for different offices, and it now appears that the politicians and office holders of former days will have to take a back seat when peace is declared. So far as the various states and the country at large are concerned this move will undoubtedly result in direct benefit. New men with new ideas will take hold of affairs; old rings and corrupting influences will be broken up, and for some time to come there will be a healthier state in the administration of public affairs.

## American Colonization Ideas.

General Wesley Merritt, who is now on the way to the Philippines in command of the American forces and also as military governor of the islands, will conduct the duties of his two different offices in the true spirit of freedom. The proclamation that President McKinley and General Merritt will submit to the people of the Asiatic archipelago is based upon sound Americanism, and will be the basis of their allegiance to the United States. Before sailing, General Merritt said:

"The proclamation will inform the inhabitants of the island that the United States will not interfere with their religious worship, will not destroy their churches, will not confiscate their property, will not imperil their lives and happiness, and will not inflict upon them an arbitrary and unreasonable form of government and system of laws."

This is as close a definition of the basis of American government as the natives of the Philippines can understand and will undoubtedly open to them an entirely new view of personal liberties and rights. A government that does not interfere in religious matters is new to most people outside of the United States. Even in free Great Britain the people are taxed to support the established church. The feature of separating church and state is peculiarly American, and if the United States is to adopt a colonial policy, which the current of events makes almost inevitable, the friction of a change in allegiance should be relieved as far as possible. If an intelligent people are asked to abandon their own religion to accept that of some other faith the seeds of revolt are sown. But if they are assured that under the laws of the United States all religious beliefs will receive protection, that none is to be taxed for the benefit of another, that every man, woman and child is at liberty to follow the dictates of conscience, and in exercising freedom of thought, no harm will come, and the absolute justice of such a system must be admitted. The members of the dominant sect may lament over the loss of supremacy, but they can not deny that the law is impartial.

The proclamation which will be issued as the fundamental law for the islands under American control will come to the natives as a new revelation. It will present governmental control as a friend rather than as an enemy. It promises protection to property which includes the earnings of the lowest paid laborer. To a people who have lived under a system of government where taxation has prohibited accumulation, the proclamation will come as the harbinger of a new future, a new life. European efforts at colonization have generally been aimed at the establishment of one particular religion or the extension of commerce. The American system is to leave religion alone and to establish trade on cosmopolitan principles. The former cannot be considered to have been an unqualified success, and it now remains to be seen how the American plan will succeed.

## Gets There In Time.

New York Evening Sun.  
The Berlin Press is gradually getting into a more sensible condition as to our relationship to foreign affairs. The German mind moves slowly, but it gets there in time.

## A Pointer For Governor Otero.

(Socorro Advertiser.)  
The authorities at Santa Fe have made numerous calls upon Socorro for private soldiers, but many aspiring souls complain that no call has yet been made for officers. The governor is given a pointer that he can get any number of officers from this city.

## The First Europeans in New Mexico.

(Denver Republican.)

On the 11th of this month a celebration will be held at Chamita, N. M., in honor of the 300th anniversary of the first settlement of Europeans in that territory. Preparations have been made on an ample scale for the event, the people of Santa Fe having the matter in charge.

Civilization was planted in New Mexico in the face of obstacles as great as those which confronted the pilgrim fathers in New England or the colonists who made their first home at Jamestown, Va. It was not until after several futile attempts that the Spaniards obtained a firm foothold. From even this they were driven temporarily nearly 100 years later. It is thought by many persons that the first settlement was at Santa Fe. But that this is an error is shown by the fact that the people of that place themselves vindicate the historic record by providing for a celebration at Chamita. It is Chamita which may justly claim the honor of being the first European town in the territory. The history of New Mexico is marked by three stages. The first attained the coming of the Spaniards. There was a primitive civilization characterized by the village life and government of the Pueblo Indians. It resembles in many features the civilization found by Cortez when he invaded Mexico. The villages of Zuni, Laguna and others of that kind well known today in New Mexico existed at the time of Coronado's expedition. The inhabitants tilled the soil, and maintained local governments, and had lost the nomadic character. But they had not advanced to a knowledge of letters, and so they left no recorded history for the guidance of posterity.

Spanish civilization was planted at the close of the 16th century. The period from that day to the American occupation constitutes the second stage in New Mexico's growth. But under Spanish and later Mexican dominion New Mexico was distinctly a frontier region. Its progress was slow. In fact, there was hardly any progress at all. The Spaniards did little more than plant a vine upon the semi-civilization of the pueblos. The villages of the latter differed at the date of the American occupation in only a slight degree from their condition when first seen by Coronado. The Spaniards established communities of their own, but they did not do much to improve the country.

Even after New Mexico was annexed to the United States its progress was slow until it was brought into connection with the east by rail. The railroad worked a great change, and the American population rapidly increased. No better evidence of this need be asked than the fact that Americans will take the leading part in the Chamita celebration. New Mexico is now on the highway of progress. But it is well to turn aside for a moment to celebrate an event which laid the foundations of a civilization upon which the generation of today is building.

## STOCK NOTES.

Captain William French, of the W. S. Cattle Co., last week took two train loads of cattle from the Magdalena ranges to Colfax county.

Three thousand head of cattle belonging to the Shoemaker outfit were inspected near Clayton last week, while en route to Kansas feeding grounds.

The wool clip in Colfax county is reported as unusually large. Buyers are plentiful and the wool is being disposed of as soon as taken from the sheep.

Al Sheppard and Emil Longbottom were arrested near Lake Valley last week for burning brands on cattle. About 30 head of rebranded cattle were recovered.

Lovelace Bros. have purchased J. H. Devine's Torr Lake ranch of 500 acres. They will use it as a sheep ranch and have already put 2,500 head on the premises, which were purchased of A. T. Gunther at \$25.00 per head.

Last week Leon Hadlin purchased the wool clips of J. W. Larramore, Walter Cole, J. C. Brogren, R. L. McDonald, S. N. White, W. F. Nelson, J. D. Alsap, John Beckett, P. S. Smith, George Beckett, Smith & John Hynes, Julian Smith, W. E. Daugherty and George A. White, at Eddy. Prices ranged from 11 to 12 cents per pound.

Baker Bros., W. J. Wamel, Whitmer Bros., B. T. Moore, Holling Bros., Lindsay & Bradford, A. D. Norcorp and McVann, transferred 30,000 head of cattle to E. L. Constable, of Las Cruces, recently. The stock was made up of yearlings, two, three and old bulls, and was shipped to Denkleman, Neb. The sale involved \$20,000, \$20 per head being received for the cattle.

## PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code)  
Pattison's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale.  
A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adopted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico.  
Part I. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part 2. Attachments; Certiorari; Garnishment; Habeas Corpus; Injunction; Mandamus; Mechanic's Lien; Prohibition; Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous. Includes: Adversary Proceedings; Arbitration; Assignments; Depositions; Naturalizations, etc., etc. Bound in full law sheep. Des. 100 pages. Price \$1.00. Published by New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, N. M.

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## TERRITORIAL TOPICS

Chaves County.

The Lake Van postoffice has been discontinued.

Joseph Smith, of Roswell, will spend the summer at Monte Vista, Colo.

Mrs. W. A. Rogers will shortly open a kindergarten school at Roswell.

W. M. Hilleman, of Anna, Ill., is at Roswell seeking health and wealth.

Arthur Overell, of Evansville, Ind., has taken up his residence in Roswell.

A new store house is building on the Diamond A ranch at Roswell for Jas. Sutherland.

T. J. Godair, associated with A. D. Garrett at Roswell in the sheep business, will shortly have his family here.

A baby daughter at his house causes A. H. Rockefeller, of Roswell, to feel good-natured towards everybody.

An employee named Cox at the Four Lakes ranch near Roswell suffered a broken ankle by having a horse fall on him.

J. B. Matthews resigned as president of the Roswell school board, and J. F. Patterson was appointed to fill the position.

C. H. Gilbert reached a depth of 600 feet boring for artesian water at Lake Van when he got a flow of 100 gallons per minute. The work of boring will be continued.

A new assistant arrived during the week to assist R. P. Hopkins, the Pi-cacho merchant. Mrs. Hopkins and child are getting along nicely.

Union County.

Miss Gertrude Garrett and W. L. Brown were married at Clayton.

Register Fox was in Pueblo during the week buying furniture for the Clayton land office.

The wedding of Mrs. G. A. Bushnell and Fred Hurch at Trinidad, took the people of Clayton, where they both reside, by surprise.

Mrs. Love, of Clayton, has learned that the report regarding her brother being injured during the fight at Santiago, was simply a canard.

Clayton, like every other town, is proud of its volunteers. Those who enlisted are James Sullivan, Herman J. Love, Samuel Isaacs, Richard Makin and John H. Jackson.

Lincoln County.

The Gumm cyanide plant at White Oaks engaged six negroes in a lump the other day.

Raverton people, or at least a portion of them, want a division of the school district there.

Ed. A. Kelly, foreman of the White Oaks Eagle, is among the volunteers now at Fort Whipple.

Misses Leona and Pearl Randolph, of Roswell, sisters of Mrs. Henry York, of White Oaks, are the guests of the latter lady with their friend, Miss Mabel Pratt.

While driving across a swollen stream, County Commissioner J. B. Collier, of Lincoln county, had a narrow escape from drowning.

Grant County.

Mrs. Guadalupe Mawson died in Silver City of pneumonia.

A new girl baby graces the Lorusburg home of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Falvey.

Deming is having a building boom. All the carpenters in that city are busy.

Mrs. H. W. Filbert and children, of Yuma, A. T., will spend the summer in Lordsburg.

H. L. Gammon is chairman, and E. F. Harris secretary of the Lordsburg school board.

Colonel J. P. McGrorty has returned from a trip to New York City. His home is at Deming.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Crawford, of Silver City, are rejoicing over a Fourth of July baby.

After a short pleasure trip to Los Angeles, Wm. Brahm is back at his home in Silver City.

Emmet Trotter, Wells-Fargo messenger, is sick with the smallpox, at the Silver City hospital.

It is said that the hay crop this fall around Deming will be quite large. The range is in excellent condition.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Chase have returned to their Lordsburg home from a honeymoon trip to California.

Mayor J. W. Fleming, of Silver City, is at home again after a trip north in the capacity of coal mine inspector.

The necessary machinery for the electric light and ice plant at Silver City has been bought in the east by A. Witzell.

Tax Collector Burnside, of Grant county, collected \$19,666.34 during the month of June. The Santa Fe & Southern Pacific came down heavily.

Grand Chancellor L. A. Skelly, of the Knights of Pythias, has returned to his home at Silver City, after a trip in which he visited most of the K. of P. lodges in the territory.

Professor W. W. Robertson is the new principal of the public school at Deming. Professor Robertson formerly occupied the chair of English and Latin in the Agricultural college at Las Cruces.

RIO GRANDE & SANTA FE AND DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

The Meenie Monte of the World. Time Table No. 40.

WEST BOUND  
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